

20/07/2006  
C3

## **SCHEDULE 17 TO THE DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT OVERLAY**

Shown on the planning scheme map as **DDO 17**

### **LAND NORTH OF REGENT STREET – PORT FAIRY DESIGN GUIDELINES CHARACTER AREA 10**

#### **1.0**

20/07/2006  
C3

#### **Design objectives**

To ensure the area provides an attractive edge to the town and an attractive foreground/middle ground for views from the town centre to the surrounding country.

To respect the historic residential and commercial development of Port Fairy.

To retain and enhance the area as an attractive edge to the township.

To ensure that the siting, design and building bulk and mass or new development in the area allows for visual links to be obtained from the town centre.

#### **2.0**

20/07/2006  
C3

#### **Buildings and works**

A permit is required for a fence unless:

- The fence is forward of the street-side setback of the building, it is 1.2 metres or less in height and at least 50% permeable.
- The fence is backward of the street-side setback of the building and it is 2.0 metres or less in height.

#### **Requirements**

##### **Design guidelines height**

The height of new development should not be detrimental to the character of the area.

A permit should not be granted to construct a building or construct or carry out works, which exceed a Design Guidelines Height of 7 metres.

The Design Guidelines Height is the vertical distance between the apex of the building roof and a plane, representing natural ground level directly beneath the apex of the roof. The plane representing natural ground level above which, height is measured is defined by two horizontal lines in line with the average ground level beneath the front and rearmost facades. The only exception is where the ground level beneath the rearmost façade is lower than that of the front façade, in which case the plane is considered to be horizontal at the ground level beneath the front façade. Where the application is for the extension of an existing building, the calculation of height will include the footprint of the existing building and the proposed building.

##### **Façade height**

A permit should not be granted to construct a building or construct or carry out works, which exceed a Façade Height of 5.25 metres.

The Façade Height is the vertical distance between the natural ground level and the point where the façade joins the roof or upper storey decking. Where the application is for the

extension of an existing building, the calculation of height will include the footprint of the existing building and the proposed building.

The Façade Height should be 5.25 metres above the designated floor height rather than the natural ground level, if the dwelling site is affected by the Land Subject to Inundation Overlay.

### **Building bulk and mass**

Buildings should be articulated so that the overall bulk and mass of the building does not compromise the characteristic scale and pattern of the area.

### **Setbacks**

New development should retain the area's established development pattern, and the balance between development and landscape and in the area by respecting characteristic setbacks.

### **Carparking, garages and outbuildings**

Garages, outbuildings and areas allocated for the parking of vehicles should be sited to minimise visibility from the street and be designed to be consistent with the character of the area.

Driveways should be development with a permeable surface wherever possible.

### **Building materials and colours**

Building materials and colours should respect the character of the area.

### **Landscaping and fencing**

Front fencing and landscaping should reflect the 'buildings in landscape' character of the area and provide opportunities for passive surveillance to the street.

### **Site coverage**

The combined site coverage of buildings and impermeable surfaces should respect the pattern of building and open space that is characteristic of the area.

### **Frontage**

Buildings should provide an attractive and active edge to the street and enable passive surveillance of the street.

### **Roof pitch**

The roof pitch of buildings should be consistent with the predominant roof character of the area.

### **Application requirements**

An application must be accompanied by a report that demonstrates how the application satisfactorily responds to the objectives and requirements of this schedule and the acceptable solutions to meet performance standards contained in the Port Fairy Design Guidelines 2001.

#### **3.0**

20/07/2006  
C3

### **Subdivision**

#### **Requirements**

The frontage width of lots abutting the street should be consistent with the typical widths of existing lot frontages in the street.

Subdivision should avoid the creation of new crossovers.

### **Application requirements**

An application for subdivision should be accompanied by a plan/s that demonstrates how subdivision and associated building envelopes satisfactorily respond to the requirements for subdivision.

#### **4.0**

20/07/2006  
C3

### **Advertising signs**

#### **Requirements**

Advertising signs should not be illuminated.

The maximum dimension of an advertising sign should be less than 0.5 metres.

Pole signs should have a maximum height of not more than 2.0 metres and be located entirely within a property boundary.

#### **5.0**

20/07/2006  
C3

### **Decision guidelines**

In addition to the matters listed at Clause 43.02-5, Council will give consideration to the *Port Fairy Design Guidelines (2001)* and the local policies relating to Port Fairy (Clause 22.01-3 and 22.01-4) before deciding on an application.

### **Reference Documents**

*Port Fairy Design Guidelines Report 2001*

*Port Fairy Design Guidelines 2001*