

15/07/2019
C375ggee**SCHEDULE 6 TO CLAUSE 42.01 ENVIRONMENTAL SIGNIFICANCE OVERLAY**

Shown on the planning scheme map as ESO6.

WARRENBEEN COURT RESIDENTIAL AREA AND LAND NORTH OF TAIT'S ROAD, BARWON HEADS**1.0**15/07/2019
C375ggee**Statement of environmental significance**

This area contains indigenous vegetation of the Ecological Vegetation Class - Coastal Alkaline Scrub (EVC 858) identified as Coastal Moonah Woodland (*Melaleuca lanceolata subsp. lanceolata*). Coastal Moonah Woodland is listed as threatened under the Flora and Fauna Guarantee Act 1988 and is the subject of Action Statement No.141 under that Act. The Coastal Moonah Woodland in this area ranges from poor condition to good condition and needs to be protected and enhanced to prevent further incremental decrease in the extent and condition of the community. The presence of poor condition, or relatively poor condition Coastal Moonah Woodland is the result of poor management of the understorey which presents as a Moonah or indigenous canopy over a modified understorey.

Threats to ecological values within this area include the removal of vegetation particularly understorey species, thick mulching preventing the recruitment of indigenous plants and the general residential use of the sites resulting in trampling by humans and/or dogs, weed invasion, mowing etc.

Species found in the Coastal Moonah Woodland in this area include:

Overstorey: Moonah, with occasional Drooping Sheoak *Allocasuarina verticillata*.

Shrub layer: Seaberry Saltbush *Rhagodia candolleana subsp. candolleana*, with occasional Hedge Wattle *Acacia paradoxa*, Ruby Salt-bush *Enchylaena tomentosa subsp. tomentosa*, Boobialla *Myoporum insulare* and Thyme Rice-flower *Pimelea serpyllifolia subsp. serpyllifolia*.

Scramblers/climbers: Small-leaved Clematis *microphylla var. microphylla* and Bower Spinach *Tetragonia tetragonioides*.

Ground cover: Slender Wallaby-grass *Rytidosperma racemosum subsp. racemosum*, Spear-grass *Austrostipa spp.* and Black-anther Flax lily *Dianella admixta*, with occasional Kidney-weed *Dichondra repens*.

2.015/07/2019
C375ggee**Environmental objective to be achieved**

To protect and enhance the long term future of the Coastal Moonah Woodland vegetation community; and to minimise the impact of residential use and development on the Coastal Moonah Woodland vegetation community.

3.015/07/2019
C375ggee**Permit requirement****Vegetation**

A permit is not required to remove, destroy or lop vegetation that is:

- Not indigenous to Victoria,
- Listed within the incorporated document Environmental Weeds, City of Greater Geelong, September 2008.
- Pruned to remove any branch that overhangs an existing dwelling or is within 2 metres of an existing dwelling.
- An immediate risk of personal injury or damage to property, if only that part of vegetation which presents the immediate risk is removed, destroyed or lopped.

- Dead, to the satisfaction of the responsible authority.
- Maintaining public utility services for the transmission of water, sewage, gas, electricity, electronic communications or the like to the minimum extent necessary by the relevant authority.

Buildings and works

A permit is not required to carry out alterations or maintenance to an existing building within the existing building footprint.

A permit is required to construct a fence.

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Application requirements

The following application requirements apply to an application for a permit under Clause 42.01, in addition to those specified elsewhere in the scheme and must accompany an application, as appropriate, to the satisfaction of the responsible authority:

- Indicate:
 - The location of existing and proposed building(s) on the site and on surrounding properties.
 - The total extent of indigenous vegetation on the subject land.
 - The total extent of proposed removal, destruction or lopping and/or proposed buildings and works.
- Outline the reason for removing any Coastal Moonah Woodland and the alternative options considered which do not require removal of Coastal Moonah Woodland.
- Demonstrate that the extent of removal, destruction or lopping of Coastal Moonah Woodland has been reduced as much as is reasonable and practicable, and detail means of protecting vegetation during construction of buildings and works.
- Specify the ongoing management requirements of vegetation post construction, including species from the Coastal Moonah Woodland community proposed for revegetation following disturbance.
- Include a landscaping plan prepared by a suitably qualified person which incorporates species from the Coastal Moonah Woodland community and restricts the use of mulching within areas of remnant vegetation.

5.0

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Decision guidelines

The following decision guidelines apply to an application for a permit under Clause 42.01, in addition to those specified in Clause 42.01 and elsewhere in the scheme which must be considered, as appropriate, by the responsible authority:

- The location of Coastal Moonah Woodland as identified in:
 - *Significant Residential Tree Assessment*: Warrenbeen Court, Barwon Heads, Victoria (Ecology & Partners Pty Ltd, October 2016) or
 - *Rural Significant Tree Assessment*: Barwon Heads, Victoria (Ecology & Partners Pty Ltd, February 2017).
- *Flora and Fauna Guarantee Action Statement No. 141* for the 'Coastal Moonah Woodland' vegetation community.
- The need to avoid removal, lopping and/or destruction of Coastal Moonah Woodland community.
- Whether there is a valid reason for removing the vegetation and alternative options to removal have been fully explored such as changing the building footprint.

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- The need to minimise human disturbance on the root system, canopy and overall health and appearance of the Coastal Moonah Woodland community from constructing a building or constructing or carrying out works. This may include mulching, trampling, introduction of pest plants and cut and/or fill, as well as measures to protect vegetation during construction.
- The need to limit buildings and hard surfaces such as dwellings, outbuildings, driveways and hard landscaping to parts of sites that does not contain the Coastal Moonah Woodland community.
- The need to improve the condition and diversity of understory vegetation in the Coastal Moonah Woodland community through natural regeneration and re-establishment of Coastal Moonah Woodland community.