

11/05/2017
C205**SCHEDULE 1 TO THE VEGETATION PROTECTION OVERLAY**

Shown on the planning scheme map as VPO1.

TOWNSHIP VEGETATION**1.0**11/05/2017
C205**Statement of nature and significance of vegetation to be protected**

There are many residential areas within the Mornington Peninsula's where substantial vegetation cover, rather than built form, is the dominant visual and environmental feature. These areas include the Mt Eliza escarpment, areas of the Mornington and Mt Martha townships, the rural residential areas of Somerville, Hastings and Crib Point, the Westernport coastal villages, and the hillside, cliff top, sand dune and wildcoast areas of the southern Peninsula.

In these areas, the impression is of buildings within a landscape rather than that of landscaping around buildings. This balance between natural or introduced vegetation and built form contributes substantially to local character. Vegetation in these areas also serves important environmental functions in providing areas of habitat and habitat corridors, assisting soil stability, reducing the intensity of stormwater runoff and limiting the erosion and siltation of streamlines.

2.019/01/2006
VC37**Vegetation protection objective to be achieved**

- To recognise areas where substantial vegetation cover is the dominant visual and environmental feature.
- To ensure that subdivision and development proposals have proper regard to the landscape character of township areas.
- To ensure that new development has proper regard for the established landscape, streetscape and development pattern in terms of being consistent with the existing balance between vegetation and building form in the local area and contributing to the landscape character of the area.
- To ensure that any removal of natural vegetation and works associated with development in environmentally sensitive areas, including streamline areas, is carried out with proper regard to the physical characteristics of each site and the local area.
- To avoid grazing on the steeper slopes of Arthur's Seat.
- To ensure that any removal of natural vegetation in proximity to the Point Nepean National Park or other public land has proper regard to the impact on these areas.
- To protect and conserve native vegetation, including grasses and ground flora.
- To protect and conserve the habitat value of vegetation within township areas.
- To encourage strategic replanting to provide for the long term maintenance of landscape and environmental values within townships.
- To ensure that the proposed relocation of dwellings, or other buildings, includes measures to minimise the removal of vegetation on site and from road reserves.
- To prevent the premature removal of vegetation from a site prior to consideration of design options for a proposed development.

3.011/05/2017
C205**Permit requirement**

A permit is required to remove, destroy or lop any vegetation, except for:

- The removal of vegetation which is to be carried out in conjunction with a development approved under a planning permit and in accordance with an endorsed plan.
- The removal of vegetation necessary for the construction of a dwelling, dwelling extension or outbuilding where no planning permit is required and provided that:

- A building permit has been granted for the proposed development.
- Vegetation is only removed from the building footprint or within 2 metres of the proposed building.
- No tree with a trunk circumference greater than 0.35 metres is removed within 6 metres of a road frontage.
- The removal of vegetation, not within a road reserve, to enable the formation of a single crossing and access driveway with a maximum width of 3.7 metres.
- The removal of vegetation which presents an immediate risk of personal injury or damage to property including the culling of single trees located within 3 metres of a dwelling or outbuilding, or which overhangs a boundary line.
- The removal of any dead timber or branch which has occurred through natural circumstances, fire or the spread of noxious weeds.
- The removal of any tree or branch of a tree which impairs the access of motor vehicles along any existing or approved access track, provided that such access track has a width no greater than 3.7 metres.
- The maintenance of landscaping, including pruning, which does not effect the stability, general form and viability of the vegetation.
- The removal of vegetation that has been established for less than 10 years and which is not required as landscaping under a planning approval.
- The removal of vegetation specified in the schedule to Clause 52.17.

An application for permit must be accompanied by a vegetation management plan clearly indicating:

- All existing vegetation on the site, the extent and purpose of proposed vegetation removal and the species, density and location of trees and other vegetation to be planted.
- The location of any watercourse on the property, and, if relevant, the location of areas where the ground slope exceeds 20 percent.

Where it is proposed to relocate a building, the application must specify the intended access route and provide an assessment of the vegetation impact, both on the site and on road reserves, including any proposed replanting.

4.0

19/01/2006
VC37

Decision guidelines

Before deciding on an application, the responsible authority must consider, as appropriate:

- The vegetation protection objectives of this schedule.
- The value of the native vegetation to be removed in terms of its habitat, landscape and environmental values, age, physical condition, rarity or variety.
- The need for a report, by a properly qualified person and to the satisfaction of the responsible authority, on the vegetation and habitat significance of the vegetation to be removed.
- Whether there is any reasonable alternative means of siting buildings and works in order to conserve the native vegetation of the area.
- The extent of the proposed vegetation removal and its likely effect on the stability of the site, particularly along streamlines or in erosion prone areas.
- The extent to which the removal of vegetation is necessary to achieve proper fire management.
- The benefit of conditions providing for the relocation of significant species prior to development of a site, having particular regard to the occurrence of native orchids.

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- The benefit of conditions requiring planting, replanting and other treatment of the land, having regard to the relationship between buildings and the landscape and the maintenance, where possible, of shared view lines.
- The need for replacement vegetation to be of an appropriate species and to exclude environmental weeds.
- The need for a condition requiring the payment of a bond as part of a development approval to ensure that no unauthorised removal of vegetation occurs.
- The comments of any relevant coastal management, fire prevention, land management or soil conservation authority.