

SCHEDULE 6 TO THE ENVIRONMENTAL SIGNIFICANCE OVERLAY

Shown on the planning scheme map as ESO6.

KOROROIT CREEK CORRIDOR PROTECTION**1.0****Statement of environmental significance**

Kororoit Creek is a major environmental and recreational asset within Melbourne's western region winding its way from its headwaters at Mount Aitken, Deverall Hill and Beattie Hill to enter Port Phillip Bay at Altona 81 kilometres downstream.

Kororoit Creek is significant for its geomorphological, landscape, biodiversity and recreational values, particularly within the 50 metre habitat corridor along the waterway.

Kororoit Creek is part of the extensive western basalt plains, which formed by volcanic activity at least two million years ago. The natural escarpments and deep pools of Kororoit Creek are a distinguished characteristic and make the Creek a significant waterway within Melbourne's west and north. Kororoit Creek is an outstanding example of a Victorian basalt plains stream. In an urban Melbourne context it is one of the most valuable streams in Melbourne, with its natural pools and escarpments rivalling and surpassing most others.

Kororoit Creek passes through a diverse range of landscapes and land-uses. The characteristics of the Creek alter from flat, open rural land to established and developing urban suburbs industrial land with significantly altered Creek profiles and into flood plains passing through rich mangrove and saltmarsh habitats.

The Creek corridor provides a habitat for endangered species such as the Growling Grass Frog and the Striped Legless Lizard, as well as internationally recognised migratory birds at the saltmarshes of the Creek mouth. The Creek also features significant remnant native vegetation, including the River Red Gum and White Mangroves. In addition, the Creek banks and land at the top of the banks, while somewhat degraded, contain a number of sites supporting remnant vegetation, providing valuable habitat.

Kororoit Creek corridor is regarded as an important and valuable asset by local communities of the western suburbs and visitors. The Creek is used extensively for walking, cycling, open space, recreation and picnics.

As such, the protection and restoration of sites and features of geomorphological, landscape, biodiversity and recreational values are of a high importance.

Local Context**Wyndham**

The Kororoit Creek traverses through the industrial area of Laverton North, beginning at Boundary Road and running through to the Princes Highway. This reach of the Creek contains remnant indigenous vegetation close to the waterway edge, extensive revegetation planting and natural rock formations, and provides habitat to numerous faunal species. Although it is presently lined by industrial properties, this reach of the Creek benefits from excellent public access including a shared path along the entire stretch that links to the Federation Trail. Further revegetation is encouraged to help restore and enhance the natural creek corridor and provide a continuous publicly managed and accessible waterway.

2.014/05/2015
C208**Environmental objectives to be achieved****2.1**14/05/2015
C208**Ecological Systems****Objective 1**

To protect and improve waterway health and biodiversity values of Kororoit Creek and its environs, including native vegetation, fauna habitat, and flora and fauna species.

Guidelines

- Minimise degradation of environmental value by avoiding the removal or damage to existing native vegetation and habitat areas.
- Landscape design, groundwater/stormwater design and earthworks should prevent any adverse impacts on water run-off, weed invasion, exotic species introduction and land erosion.
- Limit public access to areas identified as high value biodiversity areas with appropriate fencing, access ways and signage.
- Protect or enhance water quality in the Creek, including the use of water sensitive urban design and the construction of stormwater treatment ponds adjacent to the Creek corridor.
- Locate passive and active recreational open spaces to minimise disruption to environmentally significant areas, with appropriate fencing, screening and/or landscape buffer areas.

2.214/05/2015
C208**Landscape character****Objective 2**

To protect and enhance the natural geological form of the Creek, particularly rock escarpments and associated pools of the Kororoit Creek.

Guidelines

- Encourage rehabilitation works to return the Creek banks to a natural state, particularly where it has been significantly altered or channeled.
- Protect natural river profile, geomorphology and geological formations by avoiding major earthworks, minimising cut and fill of embankments and managing access.

Objective 3

To improve the landscape character of the Creek corridor.

Guidelines

- Ensure that elements of the original landscape are retained particularly through the planting of indigenous vegetation.
- New landscaping and vegetation should be located and designed to reinforce the legibility of the local waterway landform and re-establish the Creek's original natural setting.

2.314/05/2015
C208**Open space and access objectives****Objective 4**

To create and maintain a continuous open space corridor and access trail with links to an open space network of local parks, linear green spaces, regional parks and trail connections.

Guidelines

- Maintain opportunities for integration/connection of the Kororoit Creek trails and pathways with other existing and proposed trails.

- Retain existing connections and protect potential connections from the Creek corridor to community facilities, other open space trails and the regional open space network.
- Construct access paths / trails in accordance with the AustRoads Trail Standards and the Melbourne Water Shared Pathways Guidelines (January 2009).
- Locate passive and active recreational open spaces to minimise disruption to environmentally significant areas, with appropriate fencing, screening and/or landscape buffer areas.

2.4

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C208

Views and visual features

Objective 5

To protect and enhance the natural and visually attractive Creek corridor and landscape views along the Creek corridor.

Guidelines

- Development and works (buildings, fences or other structures) should be designed and located so as not to be visually prominent or intrusive when viewed from the Creek corridor and pathways/trails.
- Landscape enhancement and revegetation works should seek to restore the natural environment and reduce the visual prominence of urban forms, for example landscape screening with indigenous vegetation to obscure the visibility of the built form.
- Ensure works adjoining the Creek are sensitively placed and designed to minimise the visual impact on the Creek corridor.

2.5

14/05/2015
C208

Built form objectives

Objective 6

To avoid or minimise impacts of buildings and works on the Creek corridor.

Guidelines

- Ensure careful and responsive subdivision and building design reflects the landform and geomorphology of the Creek valley.
- Ensure that the earthworks, built form and fencing retain and enhance the local natural landform and bank profile of the Creek corridor, through appropriate setback and landscaping.
- Ensure development and works are sensitively placed and designed to provide a positive interface to the Creek corridor.
- Locate and design new buildings to not be visually prominent or intrusive when viewed from the Creek corridor or pathways/trails.
- Ensure development provide opportunities for passive surveillance of the Creek corridor.
- Minimise hard paving surfaces on lots adjacent to the Creek.
- Encourage the provision of a continuous publicly accessible open space corridor adjacent to the waterway.
- Fence transparency must be a minimum of 50%. Fence design, materials and transparency should be appropriate to the landscape setting of the Creek and provide opportunities for visual interaction along the Creek corridor.
- Built form should not be visually obtrusive within the Creek corridor. Visual bulk should be avoided through building form, materials, articulation, setbacks and with landscape screening where no design alternative exists.

- Building facades should be highly articulated in response to the landscape context, avoiding large, stark expanses of wall materials. External wall and roof materials should be appropriate to the natural, landscape setting of the Creek corridor. Highly reflective or metallic materials should be avoided.
- Ensure the use of consistent built landscape elements, such as signage, pathways and furniture.
- Ensure development and works protect Aboriginal and post-contact cultural heritage sites associated with waterways.
- Ensure development and works protect and enhance all aspects of the waterway corridor including cultural and social sites of significance.

3.0

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C208

Permit requirement

In addition to the permit requirements of Clause 42.01-2, a permit is required to:

- Construct a building or fence.

A permit is not required to:

- Undertake re-instatement and revegetation works within the waterway corridor required to implement:
 - An adopted catchment management plan of the Port Phillip Catchment and Land Protection Board or a Catchment Management Authority.
 - An adopted waterway management plan or waterway master plan of Melbourne Water, Council or other waterway management authority.
 - A landcare plan prepared by an approved Landcare group.
 - An endorsed Waterway Mitigation Plan in accordance with Clause 43.04.
- Undertake minor works associated with natural resource, cultural heritage, surveying, engineering and similar assessments required in preparing strategies and plans, concept plans, development plans and applications for rezoning, change of use, subdivision and development.
- Construct a building or construct or carry out works required for ongoing management and operation of effluent treatment carried out by Melbourne Water.
- Construct or carry out works by or on behalf of a public authority or waterway management authority required to regulate the flow of water in a watercourse or provide committed water supply.
- Construct or carry out works by or on behalf of a public authority or waterway management authority on public land required for environmental protection and enhancement.
- Construct or carry out works by or on behalf of a public authority or waterway management authority on public land required to regulate or mitigate flooding.
- Construct or carry out works by or on behalf of a public authority or waterway management authority for the ongoing management, operation and maintenance of a minor utility.
- The requirement for a permit to remove, destroy, prune or lop vegetation does not apply to:
 - Pruning or lopping of vegetation to maintain access to open space and pedestrian trails/paths, public safety or to maintain a plant's horticultural health.
 - The removal of non-indigenous plants in the preparation for revegetation or native vegetation management works by / on behalf of a municipal council or public authority or waterway management authority.

4.014/05/2015
C208**Application requirements**

An application to subdivide land, construct a building or construct or carry out works must be accompanied by the following information as appropriate, unless otherwise agreed to by the responsible authority:

- A site plan to scale showing lot boundaries, setbacks of existing and proposed buildings and works, driveways and vehicle parking and loading areas, external storage and site service areas, proposed landscape areas and the location of any easements, native and exotic vegetation and the vegetation to be removed.
- An application for buildings and works should include an Environmental Construction Management Plan that will provide, but not be limited to the following information:
 - The location, species and value of existing native vegetation on site.
 - How buildings or works will not compromise remnant native vegetation.
 - How buildings or works will not compromise the Creek corridor landscape or natural landform.
 - How the development will protect the existing ecological values of the Creek corridor.
 - How buildings or works will not threaten stream processes or water quality.
 - Proposed measures to minimise the extent of stream bank disturbance and runoff.
 - The need to stabilise disturbed areas by engineering works or vegetation.
 - Construction vehicle access.
 - An Archaeological Survey in accordance with the requirements of Aboriginal Affairs Victoria
 - Building elevations drawn to scale.
 - Existing and proposed finished site levels.
 - The gradient and location of the top and toe of all cut and fill batters.
 - The location, height and materials of construction of existing and proposed retaining walls.
 - Floor plan layouts and finished floor levels.
 - A landscape plan showing existing and new vegetation, retaining walls and fencing.
 - The proposed external building materials, finishes and colours.
 - Details of the location of the proposed method of sewage, stormwater, sullage and effluent disposal.
 - The location of fuel tanks, water storage or other storage facilities so as to not inhibit the ability to carry out ecological burning of adjacent vegetation.
 - The gradient and location of all hardstand areas to direct surface water away from native vegetation and into approved drainage points.
- An application to remove, destroy or lop vegetation must be accompanied by the following information:
 - A description of the vegetation to be removed, including the extent and type of vegetation and the number and size of any vegetation to be removed.
 - A written explanation justifying the removal of the vegetation.

5.014/05/2015
C208**Decision guidelines**

Before deciding on an application the responsible authority must consider, as appropriate:

WYNDHAM PLANNING SCHEME

- The guidelines for each objective.
- The State Planning Policy Framework and the Local Planning Policy Framework, including the Municipal Strategic Statement.
- The *Kororoit Creek Regional Strategy 2005-2030* and any relevant adopted waterway management plan or waterway master plan.
- Applications must be referred in accordance with Section 55 of the Act to the referral authority specified in Clause 66.04 or a schedule to that clause.

Reference Documents

- *Kororoit Creek Regional Strategy 2005-2030.*
- *Kororoit Creek Masterplan 2006*
- *Melbourne Water Shared Pathways Guidelines (January 2009)*
- *Port Phillip and Westernport Regional River Health Strategy (June 2007)*
- *Wyndham Waterway Strategy Plan 2002*